

**DATASHEET 5.0****SO-QSFP-Dxx****QSFP+, 40GBASE, PAM4, DWDM, 100GHz, DDM, D9200-D9590 (40ch)****OVERVIEW**

The SO-QSFP-Dxx is a pluggable QSFP+ DWDM transceiver designed for high capacity 40 Gigabit Ethernet (40GbE) Data Center Interconnect (DCI) optical communication applications up to 80km¹⁾ over a single mode fiber.

The transceiver utilizes one PAM4-modulated 20Gbd wavelength within a 100GHz channel, enabling up to 40 channels over a 100GHz DWDM grid system as specified in the ITU-T 694.1 standard. Integrated, high-gain FEC (Forward Error Correction) and advanced ADC/DSP technology enable optical reaches up to 80km over an amplified DWDM line system.

The electrical signals are transmitted and received from the host via a standard 38 pin connector described in the QSFP MSA (SFF-8679). The electrical 40Gbps signal consists of four parallel 10Gbps NRZ streams.

TECHNICAL DATA

Parameter	Value
Technology	DWDM QSFP+ 40GHz
Transmission media	SM (2x LC)
Typical reach	80km ¹⁾
Nominal wavelength	192.00 - 195.90THz (40ch)
Bit rate support	41.25Gbps
Protocol support	40GbE
Dispersion tolerance	± 100ps/nm ²⁾
Power consumption	< 5W
Operating temperature	-20°C to +70°C
Storage temperature	-40°C to +85°C

- 1). requires a DWDM line system with amplification and dispersion management
- 2). residual dispersion after dispersion compensation (DCM)
- 3). average power
- 4). Each transceiver uses two wavelengths within the grid, with a 25GHz offset from the ITU-T center channel.

Parameter	Value
Transmitter data:	
Output power per lane	Min: -11.0dBm ³⁾ Max: -8.0dBm ³⁾
Transmit wavelength	192.00 - 195.90THz (G.694.1) ⁴⁾
Receiver data:	
Minimum input power per lane	-2.0dBm ³⁾
Overload (max power) per lane	+6.0dBm ³⁾
Wavelength range	1529.55 – 1560.61
LOS assert	Min -10dBm
LOS de-assert	Max -3dBm
LOS Hysteresis	Typ 1.0dB
DDM	Yes
MSA compliance	SFF-8665, -8636, -8661, -8679

Safety/regulatory compliance:

TUV/UL/FDA (contact Smartoptics for latest certification information)

RoHS compliance

ORDERING INFORMATION

Part number	Center Freq. THz	Part number	Center Freq. THz	Part number	Center Freq. THz
SO-QSFP-D20	192.00	SO-QSFP-D31	193.10	SO-QSFP-D42	194.20
SO-QSFP-D21	192.10	SO-QSFP-D32	193.20	SO-QSFP-D43	194.30
SO-QSFP-D22	192.20	SO-QSFP-D33	193.30	SO-QSFP-D44	194.40
SO-QSFP-D23	192.30	SO-QSFP-D34	193.40	SO-QSFP-D45	194.50
SO-QSFP-D24	192.40	SO-QSFP-D35	193.50	SO-QSFP-D46	194.60
SO-QSFP-D25	192.50	SO-QSFP-D36	193.60	SO-QSFP-D47	194.70
SO-QSFP-D26	192.60	SO-QSFP-D37	193.70	SO-QSFP-D48	194.80
SO-QSFP-D27	192.70	SO-QSFP-D38	193.80	SO-QSFP-D49	194.90
SO-QSFP-D28	192.80	SO-QSFP-D39	193.90	SO-QSFP-D50	195.00
SO-QSFP-D29	192.90	SO-QSFP-D40	194.00	SO-QSFP-D51	195.10
SO-QSFP-D30	193.00	SO-QSFP-D41	194.10	SO-QSFP-D52	195.20

Part number	Center Freq. THz
SO-QSFP-D53	195.30
SO-QSFP-D54	195.40
SO-QSFP-D55	195.50
SO-QSFP-D56	195.60

Part number	Center Freq. THz
SO-QSFP-D57	195.70
SO-QSFP-D58	195.80
SO-QSFP-D59	195.90

** Note: The above represents the center channels of the ITU-T G.694.1 grid. Each transceiver uses two wavelengths within the grid, with a 25GHz offset from the center channel.

GENERAL DEFINITIONS

Parameter	Description
Technology	Grey; Transceiver type for non-WDM applications. Electrical or optical. CWDM; Transceiver type for CWDM applications using G.694.2 channel grid. DWDM; Transceiver type for DWDM applications using G.694.1 channel grid. BiDi; Transceiver pair using two different wavelength channels operating on a single-fiber. DAC: Direct Attach Cable. Electrical cable with attached connectors. AOC: Active Optical Cable. Optical cable with attached connectors.
Transmission Media	Type of fiber, e.g. Multimode (MM) or Singlemode (SM). Number of and connector type within brackets (e.g. 2x LC, 1x MPO).
Typical reach	Nominal distance performance based on typical fiber dispersion, fiber loss and power budget properties, i.e. w/o dispersion compensation and optical amplification. Actual distance is dependent on actual optical path loss and dispersion properties.
Bit rate range	Supported bit rate range in Gigabit or Megabit per second (Gbps or Mbps).
Protocols	Protocols within supported bit rate range.
Nominal wavelength	Typical wavelength(s) from transmitter.
Interface standards	Referenced interface standards or MSA's, e.g. IEEE 802.3 standard for 10GbE services or 100G 4WDM-10 etc.
Power budget	Min and max power budget between Transmitter and Receiver w/o optical path penalties.
Dispersion tolerance/penalty	Maximum amount of tolerated dispersion and required reduction of power budget to maintain stipulated Bit Error Rate (BER) and at a given bit rate.
Temperature range	Max operating case temperature range. Standard temperature range (C-temp): 0°C to +70°C (32°F to +158°F) Extended temperature range (E-temp): typically -20°C to +75°C (-4°F to +167°F) Industrial temperature range (I-temp): -40°C to +85°C (-40°F to +185°F)
Power consumption	Worst case power consumption. Will vary over temperature.
Transmitter Output power	Average output power. Provided in min and max values.
Receiver minimum input power	Minimum average input power at specified BER, normally $1E^{-12}$. Note that some protocols require FEC to achieve sufficient BER.
Receiver max input power	Maximum average input power giving a BER, normally $1E^{-12}$.
DDM	Digital Diagnostic Monitoring functionality as defined in e.g. SFF-8472 MSA.

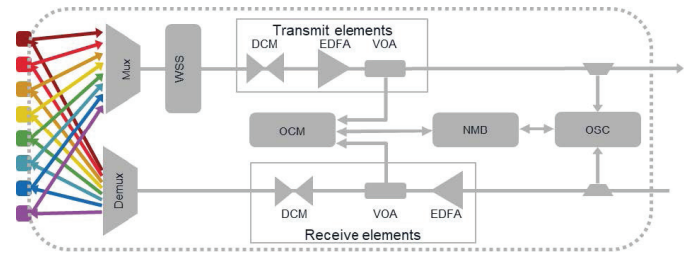
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APPLICATION: EMBEDDED 0-80KM 100G DWDM DCI: PAM4 AND OPEN LINE SYSTEM

The QSFP28 PAM4 transceiver utilizes advanced PAM4 signaling and delivers up to 4Tb/s of bandwidth over a single fiber, allowing multiple data centers located up to 80km of each other to be connected and act like a single data center. The transceiver can be used in data switches with QSFP28 transceiver interfaces. The result is 100G networking with the smallest footprint, lowest power consumption and lowest capex/opex. Perfect for web scale data centers and Internet Exchanges looking to keep costs, inventory and rack space down. The transceiver requires a line system with amplification and dispersion compensation and Smartoptics DCP-M is the perfect accompaniment, enabling true open-line embedded 100G networking.

DCP-M40, 1U TRUE OPEN LINE SYSTEM

Form factor and appearance



Generic DCP-M40-xxxx schematic diagram

DCP-M AND PAM4 ADVANTAGES:

- The only 1U true plug and play PAM4 connectivity solutions on the market
- No transponders required; fewer transceivers and electrical points of failure. Reduced cost, complexity and time to service
- New 100G interconnects added in the same way as a DWDM transceiver is added to an embedded DWDM network
- Simple provisioning and management
- New high capacity DCs and services brought on line as integrated elements of a larger infrastructure
- Flexible expansion to new lower cost locations with no change in architecture
- Standardization for geographically distributed topologies
- Lower opex. No incremental software or support services needed
- No transport platform training or services are needed beyond basic CLI skills
- Removes the transport issue from all metro builds. Only access to fiber is needed

