

smartoptics



DATASHEET 5.0

SO-SFP28-ER-I

SFP28, 25G Ethernet ER, 1310nm, SM, 40km, 18dB, LC, I-temp

OVERVIEW

The SO-SFP28-ER is an SFP+ form-factor transceiver for 25Gbps Ethernet and CPRI Option 10 applications. It is intended for use in interconnect applications between data centers with switches, routers, storage equipment etc. The optical performance supports distances up to 40km over a SingleMode (SM) fiber.

SO-SFP28-ER uses a single 1310nm channel to transport a 25G Ethernet or CPRI signal. As stipulated by the 25G Ethernet standards, Forward Error Correction (FEC) is required to be implemented by the host equipment in order to ensure reliable system operation. The optical parameters below will provide a bit error ratio (BER) of 5×10^{-5} for 25G Ethernet. FEC will provide the required quality for secure service.

SO-SFP28-ER supports I-temp operating case temperature -40°C to +85°C.

Digital diagnostics functions are available via an I2C interface, as specified by the MSA.

TECHNICAL DATA

Value
Grey SFP28
SM (2x LC)
40km
1x 1310nm
24.33 / 25.78Gbps
CPRI opt 10 / 25GE
10 – 18dB
2.7dB
< 1.8W
-40°C to +85°C
-40°C to +85°C

Parameter	Value
Transmitter data:	
Output power	Min: -3.0dBm ¹⁾
	Max: +6.0dBm ¹⁾
Transmit wavelength	1295 – 1320nm
Receiver data:	
Minimum input power	-21.0dBm ^{1) 2)}
Overload (max power)	-4.0dBm ^{1) 2)}
Wavelength range	1295 – 1325nm
LOS De-assert	Max -23dBm
LOS Assert	Min -35dBm
LOS Hysteresis	Min 0.5dB
DDM	Yes
MSA compliance	SFF-8402

1). Average power.

2). at 25.78Gbps (25GE) and BER 5E-5

Safety/regulatory compliance:

TUV/UL/FDA (contact Smartoptics for latest certification information)

RoHS compliance

** Note: The 25GbE specification states that a 25GbE interface can operate with or without FEC. The optical data above is defined at a BER of 5x10⁻⁵, implying that FEC shall be enabled on the host equipment to provide required quality at specified distance.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Ordering number	Description
SO-SFP28-ER-I	SFP28, 25G ER, 1310nm, SM, 40km, 18dB, LC, I-temp

GENERAL DEFINITIONS

Parameter	Description
Technology	Grey; Transceiver type for non-WDM applications. Electrical or optical. CWDM; Transceiver type for CWDM applications using G.694.2 channel grid. DWDM; Transceiver type for DWDM applications using G.694.1 channel grid. BiDi; Transceiver pair using two different wavelength channels operating on a single-fiber. DAC: Direct Attach Cable. Electrical cable with attached connectors. AOC: Active Optical Cable. Optical cable with attached connectors.

Transmission Media	Type of fiber, e.g. Multimode (MM) or Singlemode (SM). Number of and connector type within brackets (e.g. 2x LC, 1x MPO).
Typical reach	Nominal distance performance based on typical fiber dispersion, fiber loss and power budget properties, i.e. w/o dispersion compensation and optical amplification. Actual distance is dependent on actual optical path loss and dispersion properties.
Bit rate range	Supported bit rate range in Gigabit or Megabit per second (Gbps or Mbps).
Protocols	Protocols within supported bit rate range.
Nominal wavelength	Typical wavelength(s) from transmitter.
Interface standards	Referenced interface standards or MSA's, e.g. IEEE 802.3 standard for 10GbE services or 100G 4WDM-10 etc.
Power budget	Min and max power budget between Transmitter and Receiver w/o optical path penalties.
Dispersion tolerance/ penalty	Maximum amount of tolerated dispersion and required reduction of power budget to maintain stipulated Bit Error Rate (BER) and at a given bit rate.
Temperature range	Max operating case temperature range. Standard temperature range (C-temp): 0°C to +70°C (32°F to +158°F) Extended temperature range (E-temp): typically -20°C to +75°C (-4°F to +167°F) Industrial temperature range (I-temp): -40°C to +85°C (-40°F to +185°F)
Power consumption	Worst case power consumption. Will vary over temperature.
Transmitter Output power	Average output power. Provided in min and max values.
Receiver minimum input power	Minimum average input power at specified BER, normally 1E ⁻¹² . Note that some protocols require FEC to achieve sufficient BER.
Receiver max input power	Maximum average input power giving a BER, normally 1E ⁻¹² .
DDM	Digital Diagnostic Monitoring functionality as defined in e.g. SFF-8472 MSA.

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