



DATASHEET 5.3

SO-QSFP28-LR4

QSFP28, 100GBASE-LR4, OTU4, 1310nm, SM, DDM, 6.3dB, 10km

OVERVIEW

The SO-QSFP28-LR4 is a QSFP28 form-factor transceiver for 100 Gbps Ethernet (100GBASE-LR4) and OTN (OTU4) applications. It is intended for use in inter- and intra-connect applications within and between data centers between switches, routers, storage equipment etc. The optical performance is in accordance with the 100GBASE-LR4 standard, i.e. for optical distances up to 10km over a SingleMode (SM) fiber. The lasers are of EML type.

SO-QSFP28-LR4 uses four LANWDM channels/lanes @ 25.78Gbps and 27.95Gbps to transport an Ethernet and OTN signal, respectively. Digital diagnostics functions are available via an I²C interface, as specified by the QSFP28 MSA.

TECHNICAL DATA

Grey QSFP28 SM (2x LC) Okm
0km
ane 1: 1295.56nm
ane 2: 1300.05nm
ane 3: 1304.58nm
ane 4: 1309.14nm
00GBASE-LR4
TU4 4I1-9D1F
03.12 / 111.81 Gbps ¹⁾
5.78 / 27.95 Gbps ²⁾
00GbE
TU4
- 6.3dB (100GbE/OTU4)
2dB (100GbE)
.5dB (OTU4)
3.5W
°C to +70°C
40°C to +85°C

1)	 Aggregated line rate 100GbE , 	/ OTU4

²⁾ Per lane

Parameter	Value
Transmitter data:	
Output power, total	Max +10.5dBm ³⁾ (100GbE)
	Max +8.9dBm ³⁾ (OTU4)
Output power, per lane 100GbE	Min: -1.7dBm ³⁾
	Max: +4.5dBm ³⁾
Output power, per lane OTU4	Min: -2.5dBm ³⁾
	Max: +2.9dBm ³⁾
Transmit wavelength	1294.53 – 1296.59nm
	1299.02 – 1301.09nm
	1303.54 – 1305.63nm
	1308.09 – 1310.19nm
Receiver data:	
Minimum input power, per lane	-8.0dBm ^{3) 4)} (100GbE)
	-8.8dBm ^{3) 5)} (OTU4)
Overload (max power), per lane	+4.5dBm ^{3) 4)} (100GbE)
	+2.9dBm ^{3) 5)} (OTU4)
Wavelength range	1294.53 - 1296.59nm
	1299.02 – 1301.09nm
	1303.54 - 1305.63nm
	1308.09 – 1310.19nm
LOS Assert	Min -25dBm
LOS De-assert	Max -12dBm
LOS Hysteresis	Min 0.5dB
DDM	Yes
MSA compliance	QSFP28 MSA, SFF-8636

Safety/regulatory compliance:

TUV/UL/FDA (contact Smartoptics for latest certification information)

RoHS compliance



ORDERING INFORMATION

Ordering number	Description
SO-QSFP28-LR4	QSFP28, 100GBASE-LR4, OTU4, 1310nm, SM, DDM, 6.3dB, 10km

³⁾ Average power

⁴⁾ Specified at BER 1x10⁻¹²

⁵⁾ Specified at pre-FEC BER 1x10⁻⁶

GENERAL DEFINITIONS

Parameter	Description
Technology	Grey; Transceiver type for non-WDM applications. Electrical or optical. CWDM; Transceiver type for CWDM applications using G.694.2 channel grid. DWDM; Transceiver type for DWDM applications using G.694.1 channel grid. BiDi; Transceiver pair using two different wavelength channels operating on a single-fiber. DAC: Direct Attach Cable. Electrical cable with attached connectors. AOC: Active Optical Cable. Optical cable with attached connectors.
Transmission Media	Type of fiber, e.g. Multimode (MM) or Singlemode (SM). Number of and connector type within brackets (e.g. 2x LC, 1x MPO).
Typical reach	Nominal distance performance based on typical fiber dispersion, fiber loss and power budget properties, i.e. w/o dispersion compensation and optical amplification. Actual distance is dependent on actual optical path loss and dispersion properties.
Bit rate range	Supported bit rate range in Gigabit or Megabit per second (Gbps or Mbps).
Protocols	Protocols within supported bit rate range.
Nominal wavelength	Typical wavelength(s) from transmitter.
Interface standards	Referenced interface standards or MSA's, e.g. IEEE 802.3 standard for 10GbE services or 100G 4WDM-10 etc.
Power budget	Min and max power budget between Transmitter and Receiver w/o optical path penalties.
Dispersion tolerance/penalty	Maximum amount of tolerated dispersion and required reduction of power budget to maintain stipulated Bit Error Rate (BER) and at a given bit rate.
Temperature range	Max operating case temperature range. Standard temperature range (C-temp): 0°C to +70°C (32°F to +158°F) Extended temperature range (E-temp): typically -20°C to +75°C (-4°F to +167°F) Industrial temperature range (I-temp): -40°C to +85°C (-40°F to +185°F)
Power consumption	Worst case power consumption. Will vary over temperature.
Transmitter Output power	Average output power. Provided in min and max values.
Receiver minimum input power	Minimum average input power at specified BER, normally 1E ⁻¹² . Note that some protocols require FEC to achieve sufficient BER.
Receiver max input power	Maximum average input power giving a BER, normally 1E ⁻¹² .
DDM	Digital Diagnostic Monitoring functionality as defined in e.g. SFF-8472 MSA.

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