



**DATASHEET 6.1** 

# QSFP28 100GE BiDi 10km

QSFP28, BiDi, 100G Ethernet, 1271nm/1331nm, SM, 10km, 6.8dB, LC

### TQ2020-BXXC-SO

The TQ2020-BXXC-SO is a bi-directional transceiver solution operating directly on a single-fiber without the need for a separate optical filter. This is achieved by having two transceivers that inject different wavelengths into the same single-fiber. The solution thus consists of two transceivers; TQ2020-BADC-SO and TQ2020-BDAC-SO, operating at transmit wavelengths 1271nm and 1331nm respectively. Using a single-fiber solution provides a cost-efficient solution for interconnect and it simplifies the patching since no separate transmit/receive direction has to be taken into account.

TQ2020-BXXC-SO has an optical performance enabling distances of up to 10km over a SingleMode (SM) G.652 fiber-pair cable. The module includes FEC coding Forward Error Correction (KP4 FEC) to ensure reliable system operation. The host system shall thus not have FEC activated. The optical parameters will provide a bit error ratio (BER) of  $2.4 \times 10$ -4. FEC will render in the required BER of better than  $1 \times 10$ -12.

The TQ2020-BXXC-SO transceivers uses a single 1271nm or 1331nm channel/lane @ 50Gbaud using PAM4 modulation to transport the Ethernet signal. The electrical interface is 4x 25.78Gbps and compliant with OIF CEI-28G-VSR. Digital diagnostics functions (DDM) are available via an I2C interface, as specified by the QSFP28 MSA.

#### **TECHNICAL DATA**

Parameter	Value
Technology	BiDi QSFP28
Transmission media	SM (1x LC)
Typical reach	10km
Nominal wavelengths	Tx: 1271nm / Rx: 1331nm <sup>1)</sup>
	Tx: 1331nm / Rx: 1271nm <sup>2)</sup>
Interface standards	100G-LR, 100G Lambda MSA
Bit rate support	106.25Gbps <sup>3)</sup>
	52.125Gbd <sup>4)</sup>
Protocol support	100GbE
Power budget	0 - 6.8dB
Power consumption	< 4.5W
Operating temperature	0°C to +70°C
Storage temperature	-40°C to +85°C

<ol><li>TQ2020-BADC-S0</li></ol>
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- 2). TQ2020-BDAC-SO
- 3). Aggregated line rate 100GbE with FEC
- 4). Line baud rate
- 5). Average power, per lane
- 6). Average receive power, (min) is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A received power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.
- 7). Typical value, specified as an indicator of strength. Varies between individual components.
- 8). Specified at BER 2.4x10^-4

Value
Min: -1.4 dBm <sup>5) 6)</sup>
Max: +4.5 dBm <sup>5) 6)</sup>
Min: +0.7 dBm
Max: +4.7 dBm
Min: 3.5dB
Typical: 5.3dB 7)
1264.5 – 1277.5nm <sup>1)</sup>
1324.5 – 1337.5nm <sup>2)</sup>
-6.1 dBm <sup>8)</sup>
-6.5 dBm <sup>5) 7) 8)</sup>
-7.7 dBm <sup>5) 6)</sup>
4.5 dBm <sup>5) 8)</sup>
1324.5 - 1337.5nm <sup>1)</sup>
1264.5 – 1277.5nm <sup>2)</sup>
-12dBm
-10dBm
Yes
QSFP28 MSA

## Safety/regulatory compliance:

TUV/UL/FDA (contact Smartoptics for latest certification information)

RoHS compliance

## **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Ordering number	Description
TQ2020-BADC-SO	QSFP28, BiDi, 100G Eth, Tx/Rx=1271/1331nm, SM, 10km, 6.8dB, LC
TQ2020-BDAC-SO	QSFP28, BiDi, 100G Eth, Tx/Rx=1331/1271nm, SM, 10km, 6.8dB, LC

#### **GENERAL DEFINITIONS**

Parameter	Description
Technology	Grey; Transceiver type for non-WDM applications. Electrical or optical.  CWDM; Transceiver type for CWDM applications using G.694.2 channel grid.  DWDM; Transceiver type for DWDM applications using G.694.1 channel grid.  BiDi; Transceiver pair using two different wavelength channels operating on a single-fiber.  DAC: Direct Attach Cable. Electrical cable with attached connectors.  AOC: Active Optical Cable. Optical cable with attached connectors.
Transmission Media	Type of fiber, e.g. Multimode (MM) or Singlemode (SM). Number of and connector type within brackets (e.g. 2x LC, 1x MPO).
Typical reach	Nominal distance performance based on typical fiber dispersion, fiber loss and power budget properties, i.e. w/o dispersion compensation and optical amplification. Actual distance is dependent on actual optical path loss and dispersion properties.
Bit rate range	Supported bit rate range in Gigabit or Megabit per second (Gbps or Mbps).
Protocols	Protocols within supported bit rate range.
Nominal wavelength	Typical wavelength(s) from transmitter.
Interface standards	Referenced interface standards or MSA's, e.g. IEEE 802.3 standard for 10GbE services or 100G 4WDM-10 etc.
Power budget	Min and max power budget between Transmitter and Receiver w/o optical path penalties.
Dispersion tolerance/ penalty	Maximum amount of tolerated dispersion and required reduction of power budget to maintain stipulated Bit Error Rate (BER) and at a given bit rate.
Temperature range	Max operating case temperature range.  Standard temperature range (C-temp): 0°C to +70°C (32°F to +158°F)  Extended temperature range (E-temp): typically -20°C to +75°C (-4°F to +167°F)  Industrial temperature range (I-temp): -40°C to +85°C (-40°F to +185°F)
Power consumption	Worst case power consumption. Will vary over temperature.
Transmitter Output power	Average output power. Provided in min and max values.
Receiver minimum input power	Minimum average input power at specified BER, normally $\leq 1 \times 10^{-12}$ . Some protocols require FEC to achieve sufficient BER.
Receiver max input power	Maximum average input power giving a BER, normally $\leq 1 \times 10^{-12}$ .
Optical modulation Amplitude, OMA	Optical Modulation Amplitude is a parameter that, in certain standards, specifies the output power and as receiver sensitivity. To measure the OMA, a oscilloscope with a baud rate corresponding to the transceiver is required. Thus, this parameter cannot be measured using an ordinary optical power meter.
DDM	Digital Diagnostic Monitoring functionality as defined in e.g. SFF-8472 MSA.

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